JD.com, Inc. Financial and Operational Highlights







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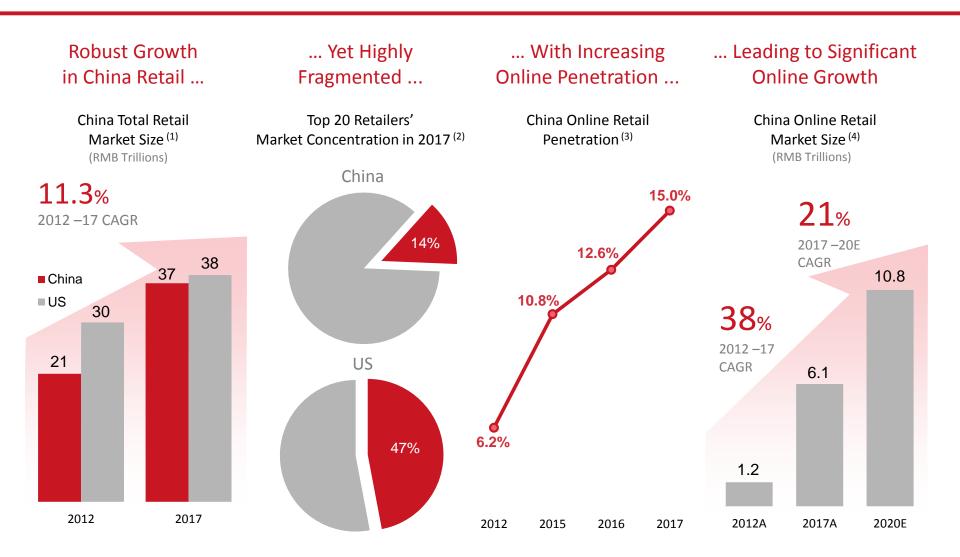
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This document also contains non-GAAP financial measures, the presentation of which is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, the Company's calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures may be different from the calculation used by other companies, and therefore comparability may be limited. The reconciliation of those measures to the most comparable GAAP measures is contained within this document or available at our website http://ir.jd.com.

This document speaks as of December 31, 2017. Neither the delivery of this document nor any further discussions of the Company with any of the recipients shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Company since that date.



Fragmented Retail Market & Rapid Shift to Online



⁽¹⁾ Source: National Bureau of Statistics of China, and U.S. Census Bureau. Total retail consumption includes food services. US consumption is translated into RMB using the year-end foreign exchange rates, which were 6.2301 for 2012, and 6.5063 for 2017, respectively.

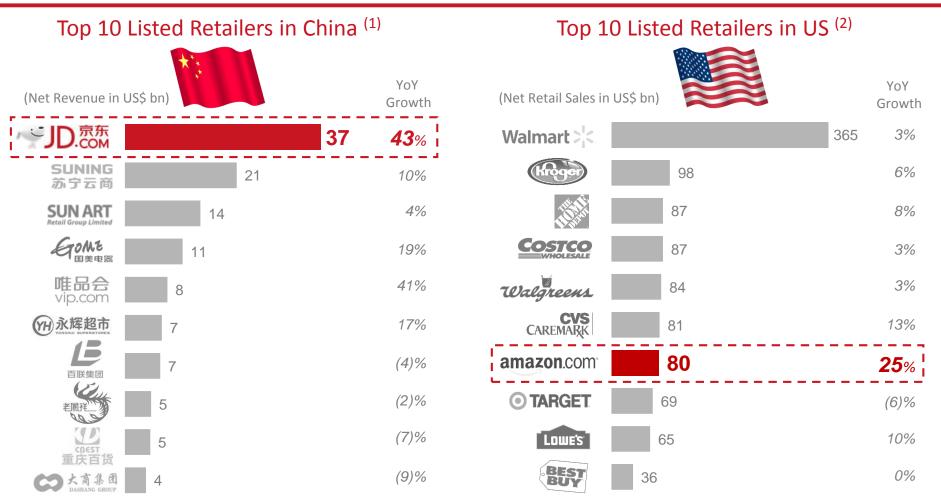
(4) Source: iResearch, 2017. Market size in terms of GMV.



⁽²⁾ Source: Euromonitor 2017. Concentration for China retail market excludes pure platform operators.

⁽³⁾ Source: National Bureau of Statistics of China. Online retail penetration is calculated as online physical goods consumption divided by total retail consumption.

Larger Growth Potential and Smaller Competitors (vs. US Market)



Market leadership and operating efficiency allows everyday low price and margin expansion potential, driven by economies of scale and cost advantage.

⁽²⁾ Source: company filings. Based on retail sales in the United States or North America segments of top 10 listed US retailers, for fiscal year ended 31 Jan 2017 for Walmart, 28 Jan 2017 for Kroger, 29 Jan 2017 for Home Depot, 28 Aug 2016 for Costco, 31 Aug 2017 for Walgreens, 31 Dec 2016 for CVS Caremark and Amazon, 28 Jan 2017 for Target, 3 Feb 2017 for Low's, and 28 Jan 2017 for Best Buy.

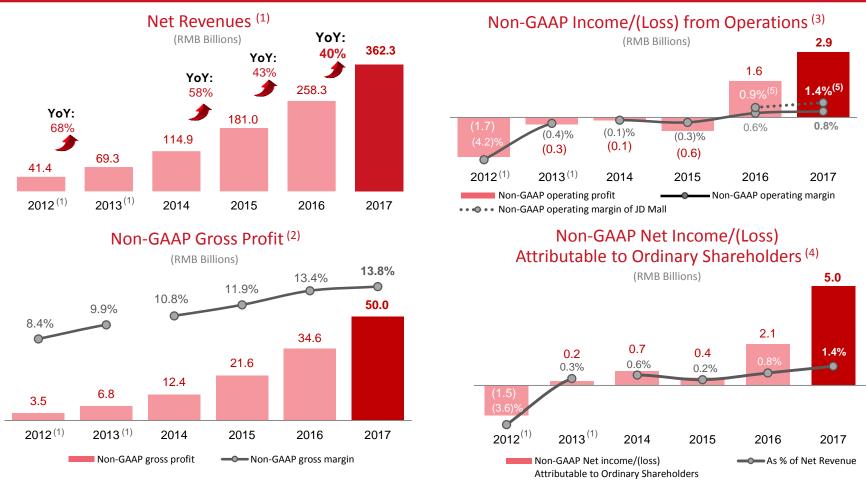


⁽¹⁾ Source: company filings. Based on total net revenues for top 10 listed Chinese retailers in FY2016. The conversion of RMB into US\$ is based on the noon buying rate in The City of New York for cable transfers in RMB per US\$ as of December 31, 2016, which was RMB6.9430 to US\$1.00. The year-over-year revenue growth rates were calculated based on revenues in RMB. Net Revenue for JD includes discontinued operations.

Financial and Operational Highlights



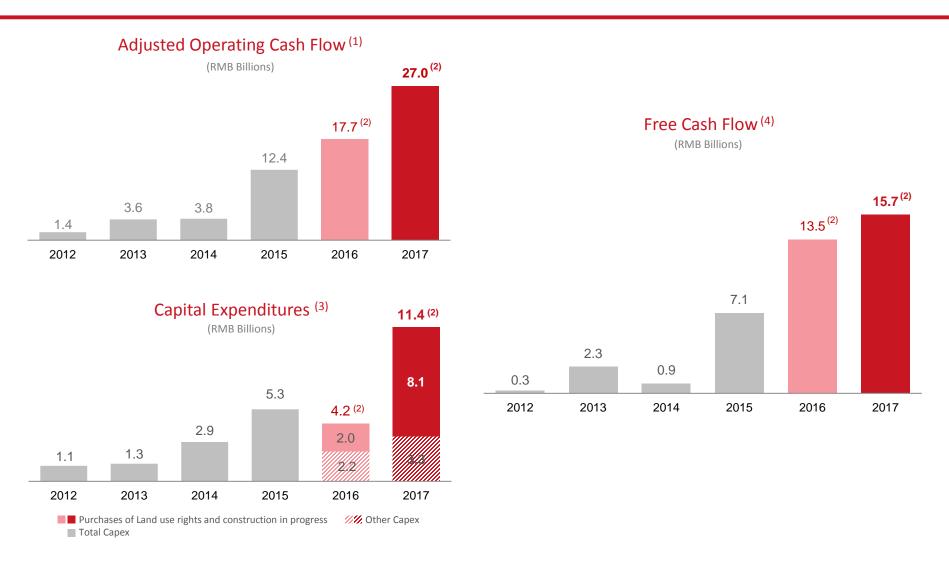
Growth Momentum and Margin Expansion



- (1) Data for 2012 and 2013 include discontinued operations and are before logistics cost reclassification. All other periods are from continuing operations and after logistics cost reclassification.
- (2) Non-GAAP gross profit is defined as the difference of net revenues and cost of revenues excluding revenue from business cooperation arrangements with equity investees and share-based compensation included in cost of revenues.
- (3) Non-GAAP income/(loss) from operations is defined as income/(loss) from operations excluding share-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets resulting from assets and business acquisitions, revenue from business cooperation arrangements with equity investees, and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets.
- (4) Non-GAAP net income/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders is defined as net income/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders excluding share-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions, and certain other non-cash gain or loss items.
 - Non-GAAP operating margin of JD Mall is defined to exclude impact of the company's new businesses from non-GAAP operating margin of the company. New businesses include O2O (deconsolidated since its merger with Dada Nexus to form New Dada on April 26, 2016), insurance, technology initiatives, overseas business as well as logistics services provided to third parties.



Cash Flow Generation



- (1) Adjusted operating cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities adding back the impact from JD Finance related credit products included in the operating cash flow.
- (2) Data for 2016 and 2017 are from continuing operations.
- (3) Capital expenditures include purchase of property, equipment and software, cash paid for construction in progress, purchase of intangible assets and land use rights.
- 4) Free cash flow is defined as operating cash flow adding back the impact from JD Finance related credit products included in the operating cash flow, and less capital expenditures.



Unaudited Selected Financial Data of Continuing Operations

Unaudited Selected Financial Data of Continuing Operations ⁽¹⁾ (in RMB Thousands)	1Q2016	2Q2016	3Q2016	4Q2016	1Q2017	2Q2017	3Q2017	4Q2017
Net revenues	53,808,159	64,896,935	60,173,725	79,411,128	75,218,187	93,201,975	83,746,258	110,165,334
Non-GAAP Operating expenses								
Cost of revenues	(46,771,883)	(56,047,580)	(51,532,610)	(68,565,079)	(64,389,968)	(80,548,598)	(70,756,273)	(95,794,479)
Fulfillment	(3,901,492)	(4,500,119)	(4,404,036)	(5,329,030)	(5,032,069)	(6,220,418)	(6,217,479)	(7,805,477)
Marketing	(1,700,474)	(2,163,995)	(1,800,983)	(3,183,759)	(2,477,657)	(3,732,024)	(2,954,269)	(4,396,456)
Technology and content	(860,347)	(975,040)	(1,073,782)	(1,027,396)	(1,152,016)	(1,349,385)	(1,550,251)	(1,846,266)
General and administrative	(390,125)	(470,582)	(592,085)	(580,994)	(529,334)	(564,722)	(584,944)	(707,534)
Non-GAAP gross profit (2)	6,830,615	8,633,334	8,413,149	10,676,211	10,618,588	12,448,409	12,779,015	14,159,885
Non-GAAP Income/(Loss) from operations (3)	(21,823)	523,598	542,263	555,032	1,427,512	581,860	1,472,072	(595,848)
Non-GAAP net income attributable to ordinary shareholders ⁽⁴⁾	192,053	612,589	484,073	779,689	1,321,935	976,545	2,220,602	449,298
Non-GAAP gross margin (2)	12.7%	13.3%	14.0%	13.4%	14.1%	13.4%	15.3%	12.9%
Non-GAAP operating margin (3)	(0.04)%	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%	1.9%	0.6%	1.8%	(0.5)%
Non-GAAP net margin (4)	0.4%	0.9%	0.8%	1.0%	1.8%	1.0%	2.7%	0.4%

⁽¹⁾ All periods are presented to reflect the results of continuing operations after JD Finance deconsolidation and JD Logistics cost reclassification.

⁽⁴⁾ Non-GAAP net margin is calculated by dividing non-GAAP income attributable to ordinary shareholders by net revenues. Non-GAAP net income attributable to ordinary shareholders is defined as net income attributable to ordinary shareholders excluding share-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions, and certain other non-cash gain or loss items.



⁽²⁾ Non-GAAP gross margin is calculated by dividing non-GAAP gross profit by net revenues. Non-GAAP gross profit is defined as the difference of net revenues and cost of revenue, excluding revenue from business cooperation arrangements with equity investees and share-based compensation included in cost of revenues.

⁽³⁾ Non-GAAP operating margin is calculated by dividing non-GAAP income/(loss) from operations by net revenues. Non-GAAP income/(loss) from operations is defined as income/(loss) from operations excluding share-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets resulting from assets and business acquisitions, revenue from business cooperation arrangements with equity investees and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets.

Supplemental Financial Information and Business Metrics

Supplemental Information	1Q2016	2Q2016	3Q2016	4Q2016	1Q2017	2Q2017	3Q2017	4Q2017
Annual active customer accounts (1) (in millions)	169.1	188.1	198.7	226.6	236.5	258.3	266.3	292.5
Inventory turnover days (2) – TTM	36.8	38.0	37.3	37.6	36.7	36.3	36.9	38.1
Accounts payable turnover days (2) – TTM	45.7	49.2	51.5	52.0	52.3	56.2	58.4	59.1
Accounts receivable turnover days (2) – TTM	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4
Free Cash Flow (3) – TTM (in RMB billions)	4.4	9.2	15.0	13.5	17.3	28.9	14.6	15.7

³⁾ Free cash flow is defined as operating cash flow adding back the impact from JD Finance related credit products included in the operating cash flow, and less capital expenditures, which include purchase of property, equipment and software, cash paid for construction in progress, purchase of intangible assets and land use rights.



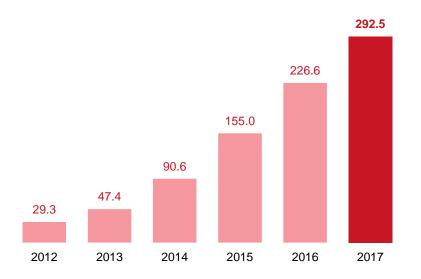
⁽¹⁾ Selected operating data for all presented periods exclude Paipai.com.

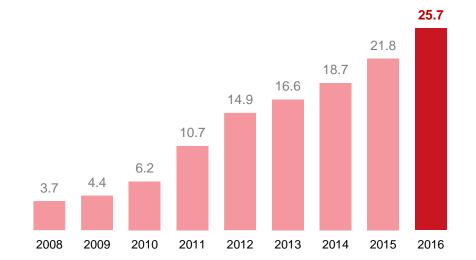
⁽²⁾ Turnover days on a trailing twelve months basis are the quotient of average inventory, accounts payable, and accounts receivable over five consecutive quarter ends to total cost of revenues (and total net revenues for AR turnover days) for the last twelve months, and then multiplied by 360 days; AP turnover days are for online direct sales business; AR turnover days exclude the impact from JD Baitiao.

Key Operating Metrics

Active Customer Accounts (1)
(Millions)

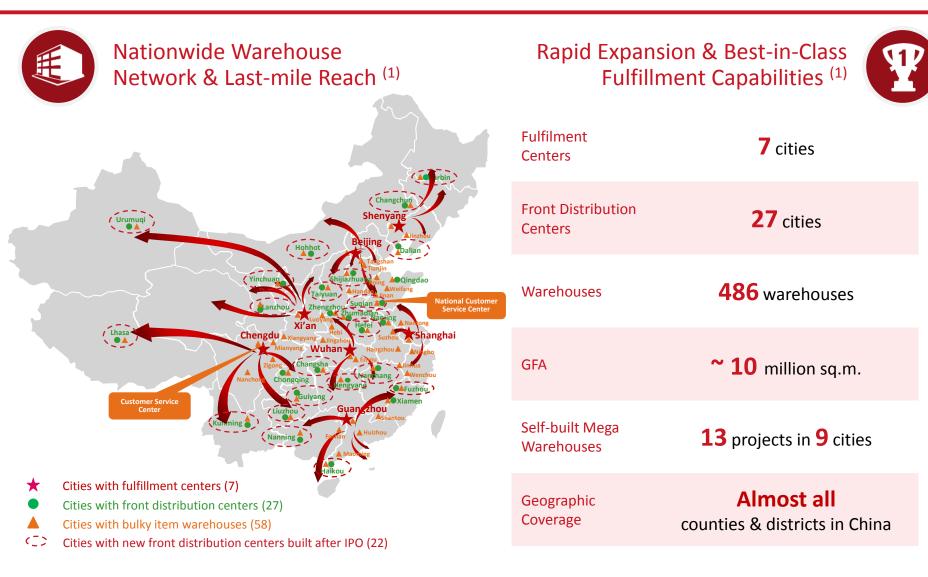
Average Number of Purchases by Active Customer Accounts in 2008







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> Deep Learning Smart Targeting

Al Powered Ad Creative Generation

> Al Powered Smart Bidding

Tencent 腾讯

Data Input (JDX)























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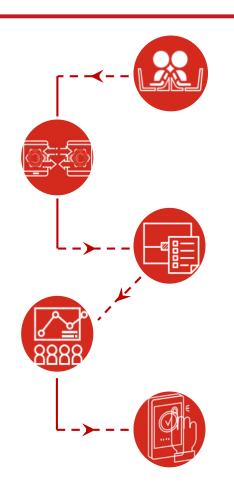
Intelligent Supply Chain Management

Demand Forecasting

Dynamic Pricing & Promotion Optimization

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Inventory Management & Auto Replenishment

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